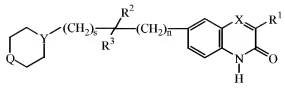
Listing of Claims:

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the captioned application.

1. (Original) A compound of formula (I),



(I)

the *N*-oxide forms, the addition salts and the stereo-chemically isomeric forms thereof, wherein

n is 0 or 1;

s is 0 or 1;

X is –N= or -CR^4=, wherein R^4 is hydrogen or taken together with R^1 may form a bivalent radical of formula -CH=CH-CH=CH-;

Y is –N< or –CH<;

Q is –NH-, -O-, -C(O)-, $-CH_2-CH_2-$ or -CHR^5-,
wherein R^5 is hydrogen, hydroxy, C_{1-6}alkyl, arylC_{1-6}alkyl, C_{1-6}alkyloxycarbonyl, C_{1-6}alkyloxyC_{1-6}alkylamino or haloindazolyl;

R^1 is C_{1-6}alkyl or thienyl;

R^2 is hydrogen or taken together with R^3 may form =O;

R^3 is hydrogen, C_{1-6}alkyl or a radical selected from

- NR^6R^7	(a-1),
-O-H	(a-2),
-O-R^8	(a-3),
-S- R^9	(a-4), or
—C≡N	(a-5),

wherein

R^6 is –CHO, C_{1-6}alkyl, hydroxyC_{1-6}alkyl, C_{1-6}alkylcarbonyl, di(C_{1-6}alkyl)aminoC_{1-6}alkyl, C_{1-6}alkylcarbonylaminoC_{1-6}alkyl,

piperidinylC_{1-6}alkyl, piperidinylC_{1-6}alkylaminocarbonyl, C_{1-6}alkyloxy, C_{1-6}alkyloxyC_{1-6}alkyl, thienylC_{1-6}alkyl, pyrrolylC_{1-6}alkyl, arylC_{1-6}alkylpiperidinyl, arylcarbonylC_{1-6}alkyl, arylcarbonylpiperidinylC_{1-6}alkyl, haloindozolylpiperidinylC_{1-6}alkyl, or arylC_{1-6}alkyl(C_{1-6}alkyl)aminoC_{1-6}alkyl; and

R^7 is hydrogen or C_{1-6}alkyl;

R^8 is C_{1-6}alkyl, C_{1-6}alkylcarbonyl or di(C_{1-6}alkyl)aminoC_{1-6}alkyl; and

R^9 is di(C_{1-6}alkyl)aminoC_{1-6}alkyl;

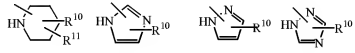
or R^3 is a group of formula

$-(CH_2)_t-Z-$ (b-1),

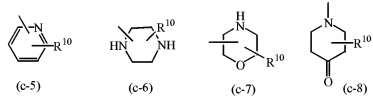
wherein

t is 0, 1 or 2;

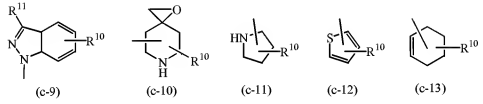
Z is a heterocyclic ring system selected from



(c-1) (c-2) (c-3) (c-4)

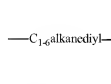


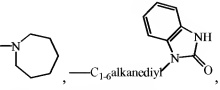
(c-5) (c-6) (c-7) (c-8)



(c-9) (c-10) (c-11) (c-12) (c-13)

wherein each R^{10} independently is hydrogen, C_{1-6}alkyl, aminocarbonyl, hydroxy,



, 

C_{1-6}alkyloxyC_{1-6}alkyl, C_{1-6}alkyloxyC_{1-6}alkylamino, di(phenylC_{2-6}alkenyl), piperidinylC_{1-6}alkyl, C_{3-10}cycloalkyl, C_{3-10}cycloalkylC_{1-6}alkyl, aryloxy(hydroxy)C_{1-6}alkyl, haloindazolyl, arylC_{1-6}alkyl, arylC_{2-6}alkenyl, morpholino, C_{1-6}alkylimidazolyl, or pyridinylC_{1-6}alkylamino;

each R^{11} independently is hydrogen, hydroxy, piperidinyl or aryl;

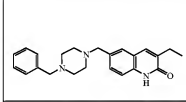
aryl is phenyl or phenyl substituted with halo, C_{1-6}alkyl or C_{1-6}alkyloxy;

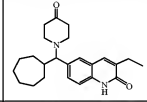
with the proviso that 6-(cyclohexyl-1*H*-imidazol-1-ylmethyl)-3-methyl-2(1*H*)-quinoxalinone is not included.

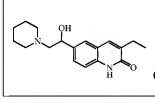
2. (Original) A compound as claimed in claim 1 wherein X is –N= or -CH=; R^1 is C_{1-6}alkyl; R^3 is hydrogen, C_{1-6}alkyl, a radical selected from (a-1), (a-2), (a-3) or (a-4) or a group of formula (b-1); R^6 is di(C_{1-6}alkyl)aminoC_{1-6}alkyl or C_{1-6}alkyloxyC_{1-6}alkyl; R^7 is hydrogen; R^8 is di(C_{1-6}alkyl)aminoC_{1-6}alkyl; t is 0 or 2; Z is a heterocyclic ring system selected from (c-1), (c-5), (c-6), (c-8), (c-10), (c-12) or (c-13); each R^{10} independently is hydrogen, C_{1-6}alkyl, hydroxy, C_{1-6}alkyloxyC_{1-6}alkyl, C_{1-6}alkyloxyC_{1-6}alkylamino, morpholino, C_{1-6}alkylimidazolyl, or pyridinylC_{1-6}alkylamino; each R^{11}independently is hydrogen or hydroxy; and aryl is phenyl.

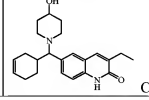
3. (Previously Presented) A compound according to claim 1 wherein n is 0; X is CH; Q is –NH-, $-CH_2-CH_2-$ or $-CHR^5-$, wherein R^5 is hydrogen, hydroxy, or arylC_{1-6}alkyl; R^1 is C_{1-6}alkyl; R^2 is hydrogen; R^3 is hydrogen, hydroxy or a group of formula (b-1); t is 0; Z is a heterocyclic ring system selected from (c-8) or (c-13); each R^{10} independently is hydrogen; and aryl is phenyl.

4. (Currently Amended) A compound selected from the group consisting of:


Compound 7


Compound 2


Compound 1


Compound 11

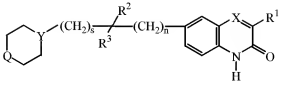
and the *N*-oxide forms, the pharmaceutically acceptable addition salts and the stereochemically isomeric forms thereof.

5. (Cancelled)

6. (Previously Presented) A pharmaceutical composition comprising pharmaceutically acceptable carriers and as an active ingredient a therapeutically effective amount of a compound as claimed in claim 1 .

7. (Cancelled).

8. (Currently Amended) A method of treating in a subject a PARP mediated disorder, said method comprising administering to the subject a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of formula (I)



(I)

the *N*-oxide forms, the pharmaceutically acceptable addition salts and the stereo-chemically isomeric forms thereof, wherein

n is 0 or 1;
s is 0 or 1;

X is –N= or -CR^4=, wherein R^4 is hydrogen or taken together with R^1 may form a bivalent radical of formula -CH=CH-CH=CH-;

Y is –N< or –CH<;

Q is –NH-, -O-, -C(O)-, $-CH_2-CH_2-$ or -CHR^5-,
wherein R^5 is hydrogen, hydroxy, C_{1-6}alkyl, arylC$_{1-6}$alkyl, C_{1-6}alkyloxycarbonyl, C_{1-6}alkyloxyC$_{1-6}$alkylamino or haloindazolyl;

R^1 is C_{1-6}alkyl or thienyl;

R^2 is hydrogen or taken together with R^3 may form =O;

R^3 is hydrogen, C_{1-6}alkyl or a radical selected from

- NR^6R^7 (a-1),
-O-H (a-2),
-O-R^8 (a-3),

-S- R^9 (a-4), or

—C≡N (a-5),

wherein

R^6 is –CHO, C_{1-6}alkyl, hydroxyC_{1-6}alkyl, C_{1-6}alkylcarbonyl, di(C_{1-6}alkyl)aminoC_{1-6}alkyl, C_{1-6}alkylcarbonylaminoC_{1-6}alkyl, piperidinylC_{1-6}alkyl, piperidinylC_{1-6}alkylaminocarbonyl, C_{1-6}alkyloxy, C_{1-6}alkyloxyC_{1-6}alkyl, thienylC_{1-6}alkyl, pyrrolylC_{1-6}alkyl, arylC_{1-6}alkylpiperidinyl, arylcarbonylC_{1-6}alkyl, arylcarbonylpiperidinylC_{1-6}alkyl, haloindozolylpiperidinylC_{1-6}alkyl, or arylC_{1-6}alkyl(C_{1-6}alkyl)aminoC_{1-6}alkyl; and

R^7 is hydrogen or C_{1-6}alkyl;

R^8 is C_{1-6}alkyl, C_{1-6}alkylcarbonyl or di(C_{1-6}alkyl)aminoC_{1-6}alkyl; and

R^9 is di(C_{1-6}alkyl)aminoC_{1-6}alkyl;

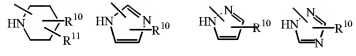
or R^3 is a group of formula

$-(CH_2)_t-Z-$ (b-1),

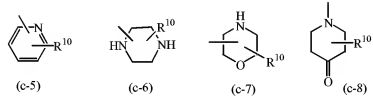
wherein

t is 0, 1 or 2;

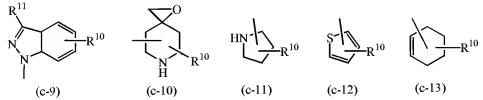
Z is a heterocyclic ring system selected from



(c-1) (c-2) (c-3) (c-4)

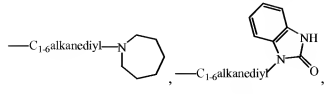


(c-5) (c-6) (c-7) (c-8)



(c-9) (c-10) (c-11) (c-12) (c-13)

wherein each R^{10} independently is hydrogen, C_{1-6}alkyl, aminocarbonyl, hydroxy,



C_{1-6}alkyloxyC_{1-6}alkyl, C_{1-6}alkyloxyC_{1-6}alkylamino, di(phenylC_{2-6}alkenyl), piperidinylC_{1-6}alkyl, C_{3-10}cycloalkyl, C_{3-10}cycloalkylC_{1-6}alkyl, aryloxy(hydroxy)C_{1-6}alkyl, haloindazolyl, arylC_{1-6}alkyl, arylC_{2-6}alkenyl, morpholino, C_{1-6}alkylimidazolyl, or pyridinylC_{1-6}alkylamino;
each R^{11} independently is hydrogen, hydroxy, piperidinyl or aryl;

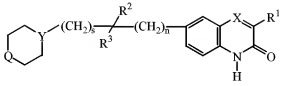
aryl is phenyl or phenyl substituted with halo, C_{1-6}alkyl or C_{1-6}alkyloxy.

9. (Cancelled)

10. (Previously Presented) A method for enhancing the effectiveness of chemotherapy of comprising administration of a compound according to claim 1, in a therapeutically effective amount so as to increase sensitivity of cells to chemotherapy, prior to administration of said chemotherapy .

11. (Previously Presented) A method for enhancing the effectiveness of radiotherapy of comprising administration of a compound accordning to claim 1, in a therapeutically effective amount so as to increase sensitivity of cells to ionizing radiation, prior to administration of said radiotherapy.

12. (Original) A combination of a compound with a chemotherapeutic agent wherein said compound is a compound of formula (I)



(I)

the *N*-oxide forms, the pharmaceutically acceptable addition salts and the stereo-chemically isomeric forms thereof, wherein

n is 0 or 1;
s is 0 or 1;

X is –N= or -CR^4=, wherein R^4 is hydrogen or taken together with R^1 may form a bivalent radical of formula -CH=CH-CH=CH-;

Y is –N< or –CH<;

Q is –NH-, -O-, -C(O)-, $-CH_2-CH_2-$ or $-CHR^5-$,
wherein R^5 is hydrogen, hydroxy, C_{1-6}alkyl, arylC_{1-6}alkyl, C_{1-6}alkyloxycarbonyl, C_{1-6}alkyloxyC_{1-6}alkylamino or haloindazolyl;

R^1 is C_{1-6}alkyl or thienyl;

R^2 is hydrogen or taken together with R^3 may form =O;

R^3 is hydrogen, C_{1-6}alkyl or a radical selected from

- NR^6R^7 (a-1),
- -O-H (a-2),
- $-O-R^8$ (a-3),
- $-S-R^9$ (a-4), or
- $—C\equiv N$ (a-5),

wherein

R^6 is –CHO, C_{1-6}alkyl, hydroxyC_{1-6}alkyl, C_{1-6}alkylcarbonyl, di(C_{1-6}alkyl)aminoC_{1-6}alkyl, C_{1-6}alkylcarbonylaminoC_{1-6}alkyl, piperidinylC_{1-6}alkyl, piperidinylC_{1-6}alkylaminocarbonyl, C_{1-6}alkyloxy, C_{1-6}alkyloxyC_{1-6}alkyl, thienylC_{1-6}alkyl, pyrrolylC_{1-6}alkyl, arylC_{1-6}alkylpiperidinyl, arylcarbonylC_{1-6}alkyl, arylcarbonylpiperidinylC_{1-6}alkyl, haloindozolylpiperidinylC_{1-6}alkyl, or arylC_{1-6}alkyl(C_{1-6}alkyl)aminoC_{1-6}alkyl; and

R^7 is hydrogen or C_{1-6}alkyl;

R^8 is C_{1-6}alkyl, C_{1-6}alkylcarbonyl or di(C_{1-6}alkyl)aminoC_{1-6}alkyl; and

R^9 is di(C_{1-6}alkyl)aminoC_{1-6}alkyl;

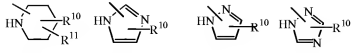
or R^3 is a group of formula

$-(CH_2)_t-Z-$ (b-1),

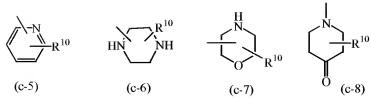
wherein

t is 0, 1 or 2;

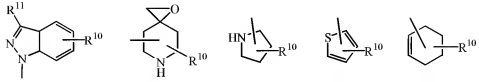
Z is a heterocyclic ring system selected from



(c-1) (c-2) (c-3) (c-4)

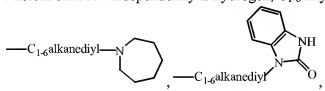


(c-5) (c-6) (c-7) (c-8)



(c-9) (c-10) (c-11) (c-12) (c-13)

wherein each R^{10} independently is hydrogen, C_{1-6}alkyl, aminocarbonyl, hydroxy,

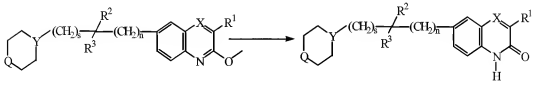


C_{1-6}alkyloxyC_{1-6}alkyl, C_{1-6}alkyloxyC_{1-6}alkylamino, di(phenylC_{2-6}alkenyl), piperidinylC_{1-6}alkyl, C_{3-10}cycloalkyl, C_{3-10}cycloalkylC_{1-6}alkyl, aryloxy(hydroxy)C_{1-6}alkyl, haloindazolyl, arylC_{1-6}alkyl, arylC_{2-6}alkenyl, morpholino, C_{1-6}alkylimidazolyl, or pyridinylC_{1-6}alkylamino;

each R^{11} independently is hydrogen, hydroxy, piperidinyl or aryl;

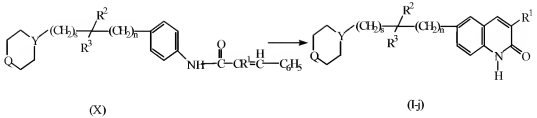
aryl is phenyl or phenyl substituted with halo, C_{1-6}alkyl or C_{1-6}alkyloxy.

13. (Previously Presented) A process for preparing a compound as claimed in claim 1, comprising a) hydrolysis of intermediates of formula (VIII),



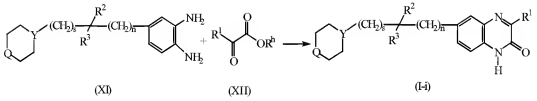
(VIII) (I)

b) cyclization of intermediates of formula (X), and



(X) (I-j)

c) condensation of an appropriate ortho-benzenediamine of formula (XI) with an ester of formula (XII) into compounds of formula (I), wherein X is N and R^2 taken together with R^3 forms =O, herein referred to as compounds of formula (I-a-1),



(XI) (XII) (I-i)

14. (New) A pharmaceutical composition comprising pharmaceutically acceptable carriers and as an active ingredient a therapeutically effective amount of a compound as claimed in claim 2.

15. (New) A pharmaceutical composition comprising pharmaceutically acceptable carriers and as an active ingredient a therapeutically effective amount of a compound as claimed in claim 3.

16 (New) A pharmaceutical composition comprising pharmaceutically acceptable carriers and as an active ingredient a therapeutically effective amount of a compound as claimed in claim 4.

17. (New) A method of treating in a subject a PARP mediated disorder, said method comprising administering to the subject a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claim 2.

18. (New) A method for enhancing the effectiveness of chemotherapy comprising administration of a compound according to claim 2, in a therapeutically effective amount so as to increase sensitivity of cells to chemotherapy, prior to administration of said chemotherapy .

19. (New) A method for enhancing the effectiveness of radiotherapy comprising administration of a compound accordning to claim 2, in a therapeutically effective amount so as to increase sensitivity of cells to ionizing radiation, prior to administration of said radiotherapy.

20. (New) A method of treating in a subject a PARP mediated disorder, said method comprising administering to the subject a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claim 3.

21. (New) A method for enhancing the effectiveness of chemotherapy comprising administration of a compound according to claim 3, in a therapeutically effective amount so as to increase sensitivity of cells to chemotherapy, prior to administration of said chemotherapy .

22. (New) A method for enhancing the effectiveness of radiotherapy comprising administration of a compound accordning to claim 3, in a therapeutically effective amount so as to increase sensitivity of cells to ionizing radiation, prior to administration of said radiotherapy.

23. (New) A method of treating in a subject a PARP mediated disorder, said method comprising administering to the subject a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claim 4.

24. (New) A method for enhancing the effectiveness of chemotherapy comprising administration of a compound according to claim 4, in a therapeutically effective amount so as to increase sensitivity of cells to chemotherapy, prior to administration of said chemotherapy .

25. (New) A method for enhancing the effectiveness of radiotherapy comprising administration of a compound accordning to claim 4, in a therapeutically effective amount so as to increase sensitivity of cells to ionizing radiation, prior to administration of said radiotherapy.

26 (New) A combination of a compound with a chemotherapeutic agent wherein said compound is a compound of claim 2.

27 (New) A combination of a compound with a chemotherapeutic agent wherein said compound is a compound of claim 3.

28 (New) A combination of a compound with a chemotherapeutic agent wherein said compound is a compound of claim 4.

29. (New) A product made by the process of claim 13.

30. (New) A pharmaceutical composition made by the process of claim 13.